Submission to Draft Cork City Development Plan 2022-2028

For Development at Sallybrook, Glanmire, Cork on behalf of DCN Developments Ltd.





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1. Introduction

This submission has been prepared by McCutcheon Halley Chartered Planning Consultants on behalf of DCN Developments Ltd., in response to public notices inviting submissions from third parties and interested parties on the Cork City Development Plan review in accordance with section 11(2)(bc) of the Planning and Development Act 2000. Our client welcomes the publication of the Draft Cork City Development Plan 2022-2028 and the opportunity to participate in the plan making process which will inform the future development of Cork City.

DCN are currently building houses at 'Glashaboy Woods' and 'Glashaboy View' – immediately adjoining the lands subject of this submission. When our client previously got permission at Glashaboy, they made sure that the infrastructure, access and services were all appropriately designed and sized to service the lands subject of this submission.

That makes the lands subject of this submission fully services and 'ready to go'. As demonstrated by the demand for the houses currently under construction, there is a huge demand for residential development in this location in Glanmire and we would ask the City Council to include these lands for residential development as an amendment to the draft Plan..

Accordingly, this submission requests the following provisions in the forthcoming CDP for Glanmire:

• Extend the ZO 02 New Residential Neighbourhoods zoning to include our clients' lands.

This submission is structured as follows:

- Site Context
- Planning Policy
- Rationale for Submission Request:
 - o Suitability of Site for Residential Development
 - o Supporting Infrastructure
 - Retention of a Compact Settlement
- Conclusion



2. Site Context

Glanmire is located c. 9km from Cork City Centre with the settlement running parallel to the M8 Cork to Dublin motorway. Glanmire is comprised of several areas including Glanmire Village, Hazelwood, Riverstown and Sallybrook and is a large residential area located within Metropolitan Cork. The population of Glanmire, is 9,903 persons, making it the second largest of the four new 'Urban Towns' forming part of the expanded city area. Following a boundary extension in May 2019, the entire Glanmire area is now under the administration of Cork City Council.

The area is separated from the old city boundary by a narrow strip of green belt land which has played a strategic role in keeping the city suburbs and Glanmire separate and has helped maintain agricultural/open space land between the two areas. Glanmire was once a collection of small villages but has grown to become an important settlement within Metropolitan Cork and now within the expanded city area.

Glanmire is a local service centre for the town and its wider hinterland with a strong retail presence and significant numbers employed in the service sector. The area is home to a number of Small-Medium Size Enterprises (SMEs) with many located at the Glanmire Business Park, Brooklodge Business Park and Sallybrook Industrial Estate. Its proximity to the large employment areas of Little Island and Carrigtwohill, as well as Cork City Centre, coupled with good connectivity to the wider metropolitan area, makes Glanmire an attractive location in which to reside.

The land which is subject of this submission measures approximately 10.93ha. The site is currently under agricultural use. The site expands across a hilled area in Sallybook, with the site sloping downward in a southerly direction. The site enjoys a number of outward views, in particular; glimpses of Spring Hill across the valley to the west, forestry and agricultural land to the east, as well as the residential areas to the north, with agricultural land and St. Stephens Hospital located beyond.

The site is accessible via the recently constructed Glashaboy Woods and the under construction Glashaboy View estate both located to the north of the site. More informal points of pedestrian access were also noted along the southern boundary, with evidence of pathways formed over existing walls and through hedgerows. The site boundaries are formed of the existing mature hedgerows, particularly to the north, east and west. Along the southern boundary sits a relatively high stone wall which has decayed in parts and has become overgrown with vegetation. Internal field boundaries are formed of both mature hedgerows and traditional drystone walls which have been overgrown with vegetation. These are generally in good condition but require supplemental planting in parts.

The area surrounding the site is characterised by a mix of uses including residential, retail, industrial and agricultural. The subject site sits between the residential developments known as 'Glashaboy View', 'Glashaboy Woods' and 'Crestfield'.



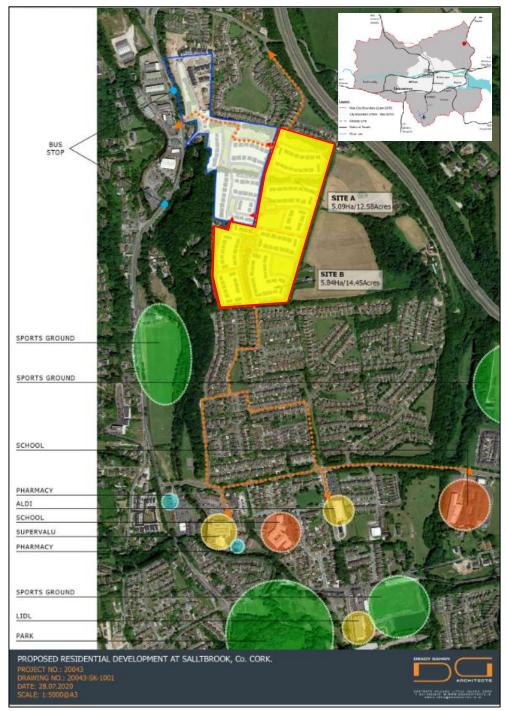


Fig 1: Location of site (hatched yellow) at Sallybrook, Glanmire, Cork.

Our clients are developing the last remaining section of Glashaboy View (immediately adjoining our clients lands to the north) and if these further lands are zoned, would be in a position to commence construction immediately, and in turn help address the acute shortage of **serviced residential land** and housing units in Glanmire.

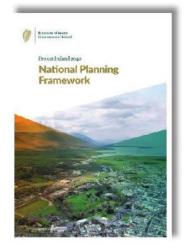


3. Planning Policy Context

3.1 National Planning Framework – Project Ireland 2040

In line with the recommendations set out in Rebuilding Ireland, the Government launched Ireland 2040, which comprises the National Planning Framework (NPF) and National Development Plan (NDP) 2018-2027. These plans aim to achieve balanced regional development by outlining a clear hierarchy for the urban centres outside the greater Dublin area, with Cork being promoted as the State's second city, fulfilling a nationally important role in counterbalancing the Capital.

A core objective of the National Planning Framework is to build an average of 25,000–30,000 new homes annually to meet future planned needs of the population and deal with the demand-supply



imbalance over recent years, in effect a doubling of annual housing output from 2016/2017 levels. According to the National Development Plan, Cork is expected to increase its population by 125,000 by 2040, which will require the provision of additional housing to accommodate 2,400 people every year up to 2040.

The NPF highlights the urgent requirement for a major uplift of the delivery of housing within the existing built-up areas. According to the NDP, a key tenet to achieving these ambitious housing targets is through compact growth. This compact growth model focuses on the prioritisation of housing development in locations within and contiguous to existing urban footprints where it can be served by public transport, walking and cycling.

Key Facts and Figures:

- The Population of Ireland will increase by around one million people or by 20 % over 2016 levels by 2040;
- > The population aged over 65 will more than double; and
- Need for at least an additional half a million new homes by 2040.

Compact Growth Objectives:

- Targeting a greater portion (40%) of future housing development to be within and close to the existing 'footprint' of built-up areas; and
- Future homes are required to be located where people have the best opportunities to access a high standard quality of life.

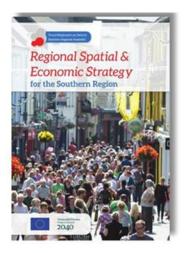
To address rural decline, a significant proportion of national population and economic growth will be targeted at building up the fabric of our network of smaller towns, villages and rural areas with much of that happening by redeveloping derelict and under-utilised lands inside small towns and villages.



3.2 Regional Spatial & Economic Strategy for the Southern Region

RSES is a strategic document, which identifies high-level requirements and policies for the Southern Region, setting out the high-level statutory framework to empower each local authority to develop CCDPs, Local Area Plans (LAPs) and LECPs that are coordinated with regional and national objectives.

RSES identifies towns as the local drivers for their surrounding areas. It is an objective of the RSES to ensure that development plans tailor the appropriate planning response to the scale, nature and location of the settlement.



3.3 Cork County Development Plan 2014

The Cork County Development Plan 2014 identifies Glanmire as being a Metropolitan town. The objective of the Cork County Development Plan 2014 is to:

"CS 4-1: Recognise the importance of the role to be played by Metropolitan Cork in the development of the Cork 'Gateway' as a key part of the Atlantic Gateways initiative and, in tandem with the development of Cork City, to promote its development as an integrated planning unit to function as a single market area for homes and jobs where there is equality of access for all, thorough an integrated transport system, to the education and cultural facilities worthy of a modern and vibrant European City."

The Cork County Development Plan (CDP 2014) establishes a hierarchical network of settlements in the County, allocating related population and housing growth projections. Glanmire is located within the Metropolitan Cork Area and is designated as a 'Metropolitan Town' which forms part of the 'Cork Gateway' and is located where major population, employment and housing development is encouraged and where the following strategic objective applies:

"Critical population growth, service and employment centres within the Cork "Gateway", providing high levels of community facilities and amenities with infrastructure capacity high quality and integrated public transport connections should be the location of choice for most people especially those with an urban employment focus."

Policy CS 4-1 prioritizes certain locations, including Glanmire, to accommodate the planned population growth in the Cork Gateway region:



"n) In the Cork Gateway, development to provide the homes and jobs that are necessary to serve the planned population will be prioritized in the following locations... Glanmire (Dunkettle),..."

The County Development Plan 2014 establishes a population target of 10,585 for Glanmire representing growth of just 1,205 people on Census 2011 figures (8,924). In order to accommodate this level of population growth, it is estimated that an additional 1,320 housing units will be required during the period 2011-2022.

3.4 Cobh Municipal District Local Area Plan 2017

Glanmire is designated as a 'Main Town" in the current Cobh Municipal District Local Area Plan (LAP) 2017. The Cobh Municipal District LAP sets out a clear vision for the town of Glanmire as follows:

"Glanmire is one of the key growth centres in Metropolitan Cork. The vision for the Metropolitan area, as set out in the Cork County Development Plan 2014, is to facilitate its development as the main engine of population and employment growth in the South West region. Glanmire will play a significant part in realizing the overall aims for Metropolitan Cork by delivering additional population growth in tandem with incremental retail growth, high quality social and community facilities and improved transport linkages while protecting its attractive woodland setting transport system, to the education and cultural facilities worthy of a modern and vibrant European City."

The LAP acknowledges that the town has the potential to play a significant future role in the development of Metropolitan Cork, considering its ability to provide a strong supply of housing and business land in close proximity to the City.

The subject lands are located within the settlement boundary of Glanmire as defined by Zoning Map of the 2017 Cobh Municipal District Local Area Plan.

3.5 Draft Cork City Development Plan 2022-2028

The Draft Cork City Development Plan (CDP) sets out Cork City Council's policies for the development of Cork City to 2028 and beyond. It establishes the following vision for Cork City:

"The Strategic Vision is for Cork City to take its place as a world class city, driving local and regional growth, embracing diversity and inclusiveness and growing as a resilient, healthy, age-friendly and sustainable compact city with placemaking, communities and quality of life at its heart."

In the Draft CDP Glanmire is identified as one of the four 'Urban Towns'. The Role in the Core Strategy of the Urban Towns is as follows:



"Phased delivery of strategic sites by targeting growth proportionate to the existing population within the four urban towns. All development shall focus on prioritising walking, cycling and public transport use. Apply a mixeduse approach to regenerating key underutilised locations. Use a range of designs and densities that reflect and enhance the individual character of each town."

Our clients' lands are situated within the development boundary of Glanmire town and are zoned ZO 18 Landscape Preservation Zone where the following objective applies:

"To preserve and enhance the special landscape and visual character of landscape Preservation Zones."

Section ZO 18.1 of the draft plan goes on to state that:

"These areas have been identified due to their sensitive landscape character and are protected due to their special amenity value, which derives from their distinct topography, tree cover, setting to historic structures or other landscape character."

With regards development of these sites, Section ZO 18.2 of the draft plan states:

"Many of these sites have limited or no development potential due to their landscape character. These is a presumption against development within this zone, with development only open for consideration where it achieves the specific objectives set out in Chapter 6 Green and Blue Infrastructure, Open Space and Biodiversity."



Fig 2: Subject lands outlined in red.



4. Rationale for Submission Request

The purpose of this submission is to request that Cork City Council zone our client's entire landholding for residential use. This section of the submission discusses and provides a rationale for this request. Our client has a strategic land holding in Glanmire that is fully serviceable and available for development. Irish Water have confirmed capacity for an additional 150 no. units in this area and the site has access to all relevant infrastructure including a foul and surface water network which has been sized to cater for additional units on this land. The lands also have access to vehicular and pedestrian routes which have again been sized to cater for additional units. If Glanmire is to deliver on its strategic function as one of the four 'Urban Town's', driving growth at a sub-regional level, the strategic planning policy context must support viable housing development during the lifetime of the forthcoming Development Plan, on lands such as our clients' land holding

Suitability of Site for Residential Development 4.1

The subject site is currently zoned 'GM-O-01' within the current Cobh Municipal District LAP. As part of the Draft Cork City Development Plan, it is proposed to zone the site as ZO 18 Landscape Preservation Zone where it is an objective "to preserve and enhance the special landscape and visual character of landscape Preservation Zones."

In terms of settlement typology, Glanmire is identified as one of the 4 'Urban Towns' in Cork City, where it is a vision for Cork to 2028 to take its place as a world class city, driving local and regional growth, embracing diversity and inclusiveness and growing as a resilient, healthy, age-friendly and sustainable compact city. It is therefore necessary to reserve land readily available for development to facilitate these objectives.

Glanmire is located adjacent to the M8 Cork-Dublin motorway which is to the east of our client's landholding. The town has numerous bus services to Cork City, and beyond which serve the town at numerous times throughout the day, Monday to Friday. The town also benefits from a range of local services including schools, church, post office, childcare facility, convenience shops, community centre and public houses. The lands have direct pedestrian and cyclist links to Glanmire town centre via existing footpaths within Glashaboy View and Glashboy Woods to the north of the site. These links will also enhance the amenity infrastructure for residents and promote more sustainable modes of transport within Glanmire.

The site, the subject of this submission, is strategically located to the north of the town. It is within walking distance of the key town services and less than 500m from a public transport corridor. The site also has access to key infrastructure services as detailed at Section 4.2 of this submission.





Fig 3: Subject lands highlighted in red.

It is imperative that the forthcoming development plan is cognisant of the important role Glanmire will play within the settlement hierarchy in Cork City. It will be critical that the new core strategy sets robust policy guidance to ensure sufficient land is zoned to meet the projected increase in market demand and to ensure viability of the Urban Town. Our client's site, is available and deliverable and will provide the opportunity to design residential development that prioritises walking, cycling and public transport



and reduces car dependency, as well as contributing to local infrastructure improvements. This is in line with key national objectives to achieve compact and sustainable led growth.

As can be seen from the image below our client's lands have the capacity to accommodate a range of house types which will form a continuation of the 'Glashaboy View' development. These units can be provided in the short to medium term. Irish Water have confirmed capacity for an additional 150 no. units in this area and the site has access to all relevant infrastructure including vehicular and pedestrian access and waste water and surface water drainage. The development of this site will ensure the most effective use of land, infrastructure and resources, while balancing the need to retain the character, landscape, urban form and environment qualities of Cork City.

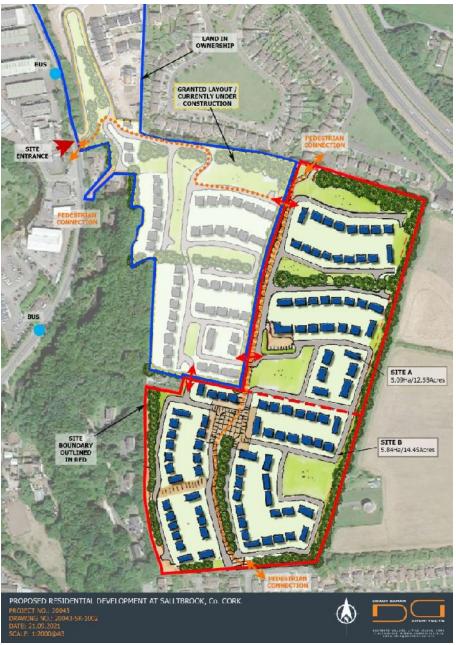


Fig 4: Potential development at Sallybrook, Glanmire.



Suitability of our client's land for residential development

Paragraph 4.12 of the Development Plan Guidelines advises that the following criteria should be used to determine whether a particular parcel of land should be zoned:

- 1. Need
- 2. Policy Context
- 3. Capacity of Water
- 4. Drainage and Roads Infrastructure
- 5. Supporting Infrastructure and Facilities
- 6. Physical Suitability
- 7. Sequential Approach
- 8. Environmental and Heritage Policy

The need and policy context have already been discussed above. This section will therefore address the criteria listed under items 3 to 8 above.

Capacity of the Water Network & Wastewater Drainage

Our clients land at Glanmire have access to existing foul and storm water drainage and can cater for immediate residential development. Both the foul sewer and the surface water system within the existing site in Glashaboy View development have both been upsized to a 225 Wavin pipe to cater for potential additional housing on the subject lands.

Roads Infrastructure

In relation to the strategic road's infrastructure Glanmire has benefited from the M8 Cork-Dublin Motorway, which has improved the environmental quality of the town and increased accessibility to Cork City and other areas. The site is situated less than 1km from junction 18 which provides direct access to the M8.

The site also has good road access onto the R639 which provides a direct link to the surrounding areas. All roads within the existing Glashaboy Woods and Glashaboy View developments are 7 m on the bends and between 6m and 6.5 in width to cater for the additional traffic resulting from the development of the subject lands.

Supporting Infrastructure and Facilities

Glanmire also has good access to a wide range of facilities. Facilities within the town include shops, schools, a church, convenience shops, pubs and restaurant's, banks, credit unions and a post office. The town is also served by a frequent bus service to Cork City and beyond. The inclusion of the lands subject of this submission, which are in close proximity of the town centre and within walking distance of important facilities will help to optimise the use of the infrastructure serving the town.

Physical Suitability

Our clients' lands have a number of advantages that make them ideally suited for residential development. They have access to existing services and



infrastructure to facilitate an immediate delivery of residential development and there is easy access to the M8 Cork – Dublin motorway.

Sequential Test

The lands lie adjacent to the existing developments of Glashaboy Woods and Glashaboy View both of which our client has developed making it a natural progression for the development of the area. Sequentially the lands are the nearest location to our clients existing developments, making it the most logical expansion for residential development. It will integrate and successfully link existing and proposed future development sites providing for a compact development form, which maximises strategic locational benefits.

Environmental and Heritage Policy

The site is not affected by any environmental and/or heritage designations and therefore is eminently suitable for development.

4.2 Supporting Infrastructure

The accessibility of new development, both in terms of access to services and existing and proposed transport routes should be a key principle in terms of zoning lands for development in the forthcoming development plan. Our client's site has access to existing foul and storm water drainage and can cater for immediate residential development. The subject lands at Sallybrook benefits from excellent connections in terms of accessibility to the town centre and to existing schools and services in the area This is due to the location of this infill site which is situated between the Glashaboy View and Crestfield residential estates.

As can be seen from Fig 3 and 4 above, the lands have excellent links to the town centre. These connections, including direct footpath connections and pedestrian crossings to the main services within Glanmire, have already been provided. Bus stops are also already in place within close proximity to the lands which facilitate the provision of regular bus services to Cork City centre and beyond. It is submitted therefore that the lands are fully serviced and available for development.

As noted previously in this submission, Glanmire is strategically located to the northeast of Cork City and remains the biggest Urban town in Cork City. The town has a direct connection to the M8 motorway between Cork and Dublin cities.

The development of our clients' lands will free up lands for residential development and allow the sequential development of our client's site. This is consistent with the RSES which notes that "where practicable, development within the metropolitan area should be carried out sequentially, and lands which are, or will be, most accessible by walking, cycling and public transport". The integration of appropriate footpaths and cycling infrastructure, would provide a safer and more accessible environment for residents to access the town and would also enhance connectivity.



4.3 Compact Settlement

As noted previously, the vision for Cork is to grow the city as a sustainable compact city. Glanmire is located to the eastern periphery of Cork City with the City Hinterland to the west and the Metropolitan Greenbelt sitting tightly against the eastern development boundary of Glanmire, with minimal areas of developable land existing within the settlement itself. The subject site zoned as open space is under private ownership and serves as passive open space with a primarily visual value, noted specifically in the LAP as the importance of the hillside to the setting of the area.

While this value is respected, the site represents a significant area of underutilised land within Glanmire. The proposed site is one of the largest tracts of land within the settlement boundary which has the potential to accommodate residential development. Rezoning of the land would promote the protection of the surrounding greenbelt and be consistent with the vision of the draft plan which promotes compact development.

The location of the subject site also acts as a physical barrier between development in the northern and southern parts of the town. By zoning this land for residential development, less visible areas of the site (i.e. along the southern and western boundaries beyond the apex of the slope and behind existing mature hedgerows and proposed tree belts) could accommodate residential development. This would create permeability through the site, increasing connectivity, particularly for cyclists and pedestrians through this area of Glanmire. This would support the role of the urban town which seeks to promote development that focuses on:

"... prioritising walking, cycling and public transport use..."



5. Conclusion

On behalf of our clients, we would be grateful if this submission could be given careful consideration during the preparation of the Cork City Development Plan 2022-2028.

As set out in detail above, we submit that the forthcoming Cork City Development Plan should consider Glanmire with a stronger approach to development. The main points of this submission are summarised as follows:

• The Council extends the ZO 02 New Residential Neighbourhoods to include our clients' lands.





We respectively request that the planning authority give consideration to the issues raised in this submission and we trust that our submission will be taken into account as part of the consultation process for the review of the Cork City Council Development Plan.

Please do not hesitate to contact us if you have any queries.

Yours sincerely,

Cora Savage McCutcheon Halley

